

PCT

NOTIFICATION OF TRANSMITTAL
OF COPIES OF TRANSLATION
OF THE INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY
EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Rule 72.2)

From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU

10:

SCHOPPE, Fritz Schoppe, Zimmermann & Stöckeler Postfach 71 08 67 D-81458 München ALLEMAGNE

Date of mailing (day/month/year) 05 September 2001 (05.09.01)						
Applicant's or agent's file reference FH991205PCT	IMPORTANT NOTIFICATION					
International application No. PCT/EP99/09978	International filing date (day/month/year) 15 December 1999 (15.12.99)					
Applicant FRAUNHOFER-GESELLSCHAFT 2 E. V. et al	ZUR FÖRDERUNG DER ANGEWANDTEN FORSCHUNG					

1. Transmittal of the translation to the applicant.

The International Bureau transmits herewith a copy of the English translation made by the International Bureau of the international preliminary examination report established by the International Preliminary Examining Authority.

2. Transmittal of the copy of the translation to the elected Offices.

The International Bureau notifies the applicant that copies of that translation have been transmitted to the following elected Offices requiring such translation:

JP,KR,US

The following elected Offices, having waived the requirement for such a transmittal at this time, will receive copies of that translation from the International Bureau only upon their request:

ΕP

3. Reminder regarding translation into (one of) the official language(s) of the elected Office(s).

The applicant is reminded that, where a translation of the international application must be furnished to an elected Office, that translation must contain a translation of any annexes to the international preliminary examination report.

It is the applicant's responsibility to prepare and furnish such translation directly to each elected Office concerned (Rule 74.1). See Volume II of the PCT Applicant's Guide for further details.

The International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland

Authorized officer

Juan CRUZ

T

Facsimile No. (41-22) 740.14.35

Telephone No. (41-22) 338.83.38





INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference FH991205PCT	FOR FURTHER ACTIO	ON See Notifi Preliminary	cation of Transmittal of International Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)				
International application No. PCT/EP99/09978	International filing date (do 15 December 1999		Priority date (day/month/year) 24 February 1999 (24.02.99)				
International Patent Classification (IPC) or n H04K 1/00, H04N 7/167, 7/26	ational classification and IP(С					
Applicant FRAUNHOFER-GESELLSCHA	FT ZUR FÖRDERUNG	G DER ANGE	WANDTEN FORSCHUNG E. V.				
Authority and is transmitted to the a	pplicant according to Article	2 36.	International Preliminary Examining				
This REPORT consists of a total of sheets, including this cover sheet. This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, i.e., sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis for this report and/or sheets containing rectifications made before this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions under the PCT).							
These annexes consist of a	total of 24 sheet	ts.					
3. This report contains indications rela	ating to the following items:						
I Basis of the report	t .						
II Priority							
III Non-establishmen	t of opinion with regard to n	ovelty, inventive	step and industrial applicability				
IV 🔀 Lack of unity of in	nvention						
V Reasoned stateme citations and expl	nt under Article 35(2) with ranations supporting such sta	regard to novelty, tement	inventive step or industrial applicability;				
VI Certain document	s cited						
VII Certain defects in	the international application	İ					
VIII Certain observation	ons on the international appli	ication					
Date of submission of the demand	Da	ate of completion	of this report				
22 September 2000 (22	2.09.00)	29	June 2001 (29.06.2001)				
Name and mailing address of the IPEA/EP	A	uthorized officer					
Facsimile No.	Te	elephone No.					

INTERNATIONAL PRESIDENCE AND ANALY EXAMINATION REPORT

	the international	application a	s originally filed.		
\square				, as originally filed,	
				, filed with the demand,	
					07 June 2001 (07.06.2001)
\square	the claims,	Nos		, as originally filed,	
				, as amended under Article 1	9,
				, filed with the demand,	
					07 June 2001 (07.06.2001)
		Nos		, filed with the letter of	
\boxtimes	the drawings.	sheets/fig _	1/8-8/8	, as originally filed,	
		sheets/fig _		, filed with the demand,	
		sheets/fig _		, filed with the letter of	
		sheets/fig _		, filed with the letter of	
e amend	ments have result	ed in the canc	ellation of:		
	the description,	pages		_	
	the claims,	Nos		_	
	the drawings,	sheets/fig _		_	
This to go	report has been e beyond the discl	losure as filed	if (some of) the a , as indicated in t	amendments had not been made, the Supplemental Box (Rule 70.3	since they have been considered 2(c)).
lditional					
lditional					
lditional					
Iditional					
Iditional					
lditional					
lditional					
lditional					

INTERNATIONAL PREMAINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

In ional application No.
PCT/EP99/09978

IV. Lack of unity of invention
1. In response to the invitation to restrict or pay additional fees the applicant has:
restricted the claims.
paid additional fees.
paid additional fees under protest.
neither restricted nor paid additional fees.
This Authority found that the requirement of unity of invention is not complied with and chose, according to Rule 68.1, not to invite the applicant to restrict or pay additional fees.
3. This Authority considers that the requirement of unity of invention in accordance with Rules 13.1, 13.2 and 13.3 is
complied with.
not complied with for the following reasons:
4. Consequently, the following parts of the international application were the subject of international preliminary examination in establishing this report:
all parts.
the parts relating to claims Nos.

Supplemental Box

(To be used when the space in any of the preceding boxes is not sufficient)

Continuation of: IV

1. Cited document:

D1 = QUACKENBUSH ET AL.: 'Noiseless Coding of Quantized Spectral Components in MPEG-2 Advanced Audio Coding' 1997 IEEE ASSP WORKSHOP ON APPLICATIONS OF SIGNAL PROCESSING TO AUDIO AND ACOUSTICS, 19 October 1997 (1997-10-19).

2. The various groups of inventions are: Claims 1 to 24 and 25 to 36.

These groups are not so linked as to form a single general inventive concept for the following reasons (PCT Rule 13.1):

D1 describes (see Figure 1) a device for encoding a data stream from an audio signal, comprising the features of the encoder defined in the claims.

The first group additionally claims an encryption of the signal by means of resorting the quantized spectral values and the second group additionally claims an encryption by means of resorting code words.

The technical relationship between the first and the second group lies in the features of the encoder.

These features are known from D1.

No technical relationship within the meaning of PCT Rule 13.2 exists between the features of the

uation of:	the space in any of the								
	encryption	in	the	first	and	in	the	second	group.
				•					
				-					
									-
					W.				

V.	Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability;
	citations and explanations supporting such statement

Statement			
Novelty (N)	Claims	1-36	YES
	Claims		NO
Inventive step (IS)	Claims	1-24	YES
	Claims	25-36	NO
Industrial applicability (IA)	Claims	1-36	YES
	Claims		NO

2. Citations and explanations

1. Cited documents:

D1 = QUACKENBUSH ET AL.: 'Noiseless Coding of Quantized Spectral Components in MPEG-2 Advanced Audio Coding' 1997 IEEE ASSP WORKSHOP ON APPLICATIONS OF SIGNAL PROCESSING TO AUDIO AND ACOUSTICS, 19 October 1997 (1997-10-19)

$$D2 = US-A-5 796 838$$

$$D3 = US-A-4 534 037$$

$$D4 = EP-A-0 649 261$$

$$D5 = WO98/21852$$

$$D6 = US-A-5 636 279$$
.

2. The subject matter of Claim 1 is novel and inventive in relation to the prior art cited in the international search report. Claim 1 therefore meets the requirements of PCT Article 33(2) and (3).

D1 describes (see Figure 1) a device for encoding a data stream from an audio signal, comprising the features of the encoder defined in the claims.

D2 describes a spectral inversion in which the output spectrum is inverted in relation to the input spectrum. The shape of the spectrum is only reflected by the frequency inversion, but not completely changed, as would be the case with scrambling.

None of the documents cited in the search report suggests the resorting of quantized spectral values in a frequency band to which one code table of a plurality of code tables is allocated.

By means of the aforementioned resorting process, a "soft" encryption is achieved which does not change the data stream syntax of the encoder.

The subject matter of Claim 1 is therefore novel and inventive in relation to the prior art cited in the search report.

3. The subject matter of Claims 2 to 10 is novel and inventive in relation to the prior art cited in the international search report. Claims 2 to 10 therefore meet the requirements of PCT Article 33(2) and (3).

Claims 2 to 10 are either directly or indirectly dependent on Claim 1.

4. The subject matter of Claims 11 to 13 is novel and inventive in relation to the prior art cited in the international search report. Claims 11 to 13 therefore meet the requirements of PCT Article 33(2)

and (3).

The subject matter of Claims 11 to 13 differs from the subject matter of Claim 1 in that former claims have <u>additional</u> means for canceling the encryption on the basis of a first code and for carrying out an encryption on the basis of a second code.

The subject matter of Claims 11 to 13 is therefore novel and inventive for the reasons mentioned under point 2.

5. The subject matter of Claims 14, 15 and 16 is novel and inventive in relation to the prior art cited in the international search report. Claims 14, 15 and 16 meet the requirements of PCT Article 33(2) and (3).

Claims 14, 15 and 16 are either directly or indirectly dependent on Claims 11 to 13.

6. The subject matter of Claims 17 to 19 is novel and inventive in relation to the prior art cited in the international search report. Claims 17 to 19 therefore meet the requirements of PCT Article 33(2) and (3).

Claims 17 to 19 relate to a device for decoding a data stream, wherein the resorting process defined in Claim 1 is cancelled.

The subject matter of Claims 17 to 19 is therefore novel and inventive for the reasons mentioned under point 2.

7. The subject matter of Claims 20 to 24 is novel and inventive in relation to the prior art cited in the international search report. Claims 20 to 24 therefore meet the requirements of PCT Article 33(2) and (3).

Claims 20 to 24 define a method with method steps which correspond to the features of the previously claimed device.

The subject matter of Claims 20 to 24 is therefore novel and inventive for the reasons mentioned under point 2.

8. The subject matter of Claim 25 is not inventive in relation to the content of D1 and D3. Claim 25 therefore does not meet the requirements of PCT Article 33(3).

D1 describes (see Figure 1) a device for encoding a data stream from an audio signal, comprising the features of the encoder defined in the claims.

D3 describes an encryption of audio signals by means of resorting bit groups between neighboring code words. If the frequency conversion described in D3 (see column 4, lines 56-61) is not the aim, it would be obvious to a person skilled in the art to carry out the encryption by resorting code words. Thus the encryption of an audio signal by resorting code words is obvious from D3.

A person skilled in the art would inevitably attempt to combine the encoding known from D1 with the encryption which is obvious from D3. 9. The subject matter of Claims 26 and 27 is not inventive in relation to the content of D1 and D3. Claims 26 and 27 therefore do not meet the requirements of PCT Article 33(3).

The additional feature of Claim 26 relates to a feature of an encrypting device with which a person skilled in the art is familiar.

The additional feature of Claim 27 is known from D3.

10. The subject matter of Claims 28 and 29 is not inventive in relation to the content of D1, D3 and D5. Claims 28 and 29 therefore do not meet the requirements of PCT Article 33(3).

The subject matter of Claims 28 and 29 differs from the subject matter of Claim 25 in that the former claims have additional means for canceling the encryption on the basis of a first code and for carrying out an encryption on the basis of a second code.

The transition from a first code to a second code is known from D5. A person skilled in the art would incorporate this feature into the claimed encrypting device according to the circumstances, without an inventive step being involved.

11. The subject matter of Claims 30 and 31 is not inventive in relation to the content of D1 and D3. Claims 30 and 31 therefore do not meet the requirements of PCT Article 33(3).

Claims 30 and 31 relate to a device for decoding a data stream. These claims do not have any additional features in relation to the claims to the encrypting device which could distinguish their subject matter from the cited prior art in an inventive manner.

12. The subject matter of Claims 32 to 34 is not inventive in relation to the content of the cited prior art. Claims 32 to 34 therefore do not meet the requirements of PCT Article 33(3).

Claims 32 to 34 define a method with method steps which correspond to the features of device Claims 25 to 31. The objections raised against Claims 25 to 31 therefore also apply to Claims 32 to 34.

International	application No.	
PCI	99/09978	

							101	93/0		
/II. Certain defects	in the in	nternation	al applica	ation						
he following defects	in the fo	orm or cont	ents of th	ne international appl	ication	have been n	oted:			
Claims	15	and 16	are	dependent	on	subsec	quent	claims.		
·										
									-	